STUDY PLAN
Master in history
(Thesis Track)

I. GENERAL RULES CONDITIONS:
1. This Plan conforms to the regulations of the general frame of the programs of graduate studies.
2. Areas of specialty of admission in this program:
   a. B.A History
   b. B.A. Political Science, Economics, Archeology, Sociology, Arabic Language, Shari'ah.

II. SPECIAL CONDITIONS: None.

III. THE STUDY PLAN: Studying (33) credit Hours as follows:

1. Obligatory courses (15) Credit Hours:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course No.</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credit hrs.</th>
<th>Pre-request</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2302711</td>
<td>Historical Method</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>2302712</td>
<td>Administration Under the Caliphate</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>2302713</td>
<td>Islamic Economic History</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>2302714</td>
<td>Modern Reform Movements in the Arab Countries</td>
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<td>2302715</td>
<td>World History in the Twentieth Century</td>
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2. Elective courses: Studying (9) Credit Hours as follows:

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<th>Credit hrs.</th>
<th>Pre-request</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2302716</td>
<td>Inquisition In Spain</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>2302717</td>
<td>The Arab Orient in the first Half of the Twentieth Century</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>2302718</td>
<td>The Islamic City</td>
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<td>2302719</td>
<td>Ottoman Administration in the Arab Provinces</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>2302720</td>
<td>AL- Qada in Islam</td>
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<td>2302721</td>
<td>The Maghrib in the first half of the Twentieth Century</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>2302722</td>
<td>The United States History in the Twentieth Century1789-1945</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>2302723</td>
<td>The Rise of Arab-Islamic Culture</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>2302724</td>
<td>Sources for the Modern Arab History</td>
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3. Thesis: 9 Credit hours (2302799)
Course Description

**2302711 Historical Method**

1- Did the Arabs have historical writing, or an idea of history before Islam.
   a- The Arabs of Northern and central Arabia
   b- The Arabs of South Arabia
2- The beginning of historical writing and the role of Islam in its rise:
   a- The school of Medina – Maghazi and Siyar: beginning and development. (Urwa b. al- Zubair to Ibn Sa'ad)
   b- The school of Kufa and Basra:
      The Ikharis – Abu Mikhna to al-Madaini
      The writers of Ansab and Their role.
      The linguists and their participation in history writing.
3- The great historians of the third century: Khalifa b. Khayyat; Ibn Qutaibe; al-Dinawari, al-Ya'qubi, al- Baladhuri; al-Tabari

**2302712 Administration Under Caliphate**

A study of the administrative institutions of The Caliphate. The most important topics are:

1- The vizierate: beginnings: developments; Theory
2- The Diwans:
   a- central diwans: beginnings and developments (under the Rightly guided Caliphs, Umayyads and Abbasids)
   b- Defining the Diwans and their sections like the diwans of Kharaj, Jund, Post, Expenditure Bait Al-Mal Rasail etc.
3- Other administrative institutions
   a- The Judiciary and its diwan
   b- The Hisba and al-Mahutasib.

1- The administration of provinces, and its diwans:
   a – The Amir, Amil, Chief of police; The post master. etc.
   b- Provencal diwans.

**2302713 Islamic Economic History**

I- An introduction on socio-economic development, in Arab Islamic societies till The 3rd cent. A.H.

II- The village and the countryside in Islamic lands between the 3rd – 6th cent. A.H.
   - The village and the types of villages,
   - Population and the land
- Agricultural relations in the village
- The site of the village, and its houses
- The village and the city.
- The composition of the village
- Daily life in the village

III- Agricultural Thought among the Arabs.

**2302714 Modern Reform Movements in the Arab Countries**
1- The concept of reform and the means for carrying it, and its aims.
2- Reform and reformers who tried to implement reform ideas
3- The measure of success for reformers, and the reasons for success or failures.

**2302715 World History in the 20th Century**

This course includes a summary of the world history during the second half of the 19th century, the First World War, its causes, its battles and its results, the league of Nations and political Settlements after the 1st World War. Totalitarian regimes in Russia, Italy and Germany and their effects on Europe and the world, the national liberation movements in Asia and Africa during the inter-two world wars period, are also included. The 2nd World War its causes, its battles and its results, the decolonisation process in Asia and Africa, the cold War between the Capitalist and the Socialist camps (1947–1991), armaments’ racing and military alliances are also studied in this course. The collapse of the Soviet Union and the East European Countries and the rise of the new world system, including globalization are included.

**2302716 The Inquisition in Spain**

- The Inquisition, its rise and development.
- The Inquisition attitude towards the (Moorsquin) after the fall.
- The conflict among the family of Abi Al-Hassan over the government and their cooperation with Spain.
- The Inquisition chasing of the Moorsquin everywhere in order to force them to adopt Christianity, and to assimilate them within the Spanish society, or force them to leave.
- The Christening and forced – migration of the Moorsquin – during the reign of the kings of Spain.
- The end of the Arab presence in Al-Andalus.
History of the Arab East in the first half of the 20th century
This course discusses the results of the first world war one the Arab East "Middle East", and the French Mandate over Syria, Lebanon and then the British Mandate over Trans- Jordan, Palestine and Iraq. Then it covers the Political development in the Arab countries in the East, emphasizing the Arab-Israeli Conflict.

The Islamic City
1- Arab cities before Islam
2- Islam and Urbanization
3- The rise of early (Islamic) cities; Their development:
   - Choosing sites
   - Planning
   - The city communities
   - Fortifications
   - Suburbs
4- How old cities became Islamic cities
5- The administration of the City

Ottoman Administration in the Arab provinces
This course deals with Ottoman systems of administration based on the Kanunnamas In addition , it discusses the timar system applied in most of the Arab provinces. It covers as well , the judicial Islamic system, the role of the military in the general system of administration. It also treats the new reforms (Tanzimat ) and the introduction of (Dastur) to the Sultanate.

History of the Judiciary System in Islam
This Course deals with these topics :
- The beginning of the Judiciary system on the Arab land or Islam .
- Meaning of the Judiciary System ..
- Sources of Al-Qada’a in the Islamic History .
- Principles of the Al-Qada’a in Islam .
- Development of Al-Qada’a during the Islamic ages .
- Characteristics of this Institution .
- Rights and duties of Al-Qada’a .
2302721  The Maghrib in the first half of the 20\textsuperscript{th} century

This course covers the history of the North African Arab Countries Morocco, Algiers, Tunisia and Libya, concentrating mainly on the French control over these countries and France's economic and political Policy. Then it gives a survey of the liberation movement and eventual success in obtaining their national independence.

2302722  The United States History in the Twentieth Century 1789-1945

This course includes the following topics:
- The establishment of the American States, and the Federal Union (1789-1801)
- The expansion of the American borders (1801-1815)
- The industrial revolution and social reform
- Expansion towards the Pacific Ocean (1820-1850)
- Conflict between the North and the South (1850-1861)
- The Civil War (1861-1865)
- Rebuilding the Federation, the flourishing American West: Industrial Cities, Immigrants and the Organization of Workers, (1865-1900)
- The American-Spanish War and relations between Latin America and Asia (1900-1916)
- World War I and the role of the U.S.A
- The inquietude and chaos period (1919-1928)
- The New Policy (1932-1939)
- The unreliable peace (1920-1941)
- The U.S.A. role in World War II (1941-1945)
- The effects of World War II on the U.S.A.

2302723  The Rise Of Arab Islamic Culture

Sources for The life of the prophet, The Islamic dawa, The emigration to Medina and the constitution of the umma, The relations between the prophet and the Arab tribes, The correspondence of the prophet with kings and rulers, Financial organization of the prophet. The meeting of the Saqifa and the election of Abu Bakr to be the first caliph

2302724  Sources for the Modern Arab History

This course deals with the different sources that are used for the study of Arb Modern History starting with:-
1- Arabic narratives, memoirs, general history books, journeys, and religious archives (religious courts, charitable funds, (Awagaf) Churches … municipal archives)
2- Ottoman sources.
3- European documents.